

Two regimens of dexamethasone versus prednisolone for acute exacerbations in asthmatic Egyptian children.

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Background & Objectives:

- Prednisolone is the most commonly used corticosteroid in treatment of asthma exacerbation, however, oral dexamethasone demonstrates similar bioavailability with a longer half-life.
- The study compares different doses of oral dexamethasone (0.3 mg/kg single dose, 0.6 mg/kg/d for 2 days) and oral prednisolone (1.5 mg/kg/d for 5 days) in controlling asthma exacerbation.

Methods: Double-blind, placebo-controlled, quasi-RCT included 60 children aged 2-11 years divided into three groups (20 in each). Group I received a single dose of oral dexamethasone 0.3 mg/kg (maximum 12 mg), group II received 0.6 mg/kg/d of oral dexamethasone for 2 days (maximum 16 mg/d) and group III received 1.5 mg/kg/d oral prednisolone for 5 days (maximum 60 mg/d). Primary outcomes were changes in Paediatric Respiratory Assessment Measure (PRAM), eosinophil count and serum IgE on day 5.

ACADEMIC P.E.A.R.L.S

Pediatric Evidence And Research Learning Snippet



Low-dose dexamethasone vs prednisolone in acute asthma exacerbation: Is there any difference?

Results:

- No significant difference in PRAM scores on day 5 ($p = 0.94$).
- No significant difference between groups for relapse within 5 days [RR 1.0 (95% CI 0.33 to 3.00), $p = 0.56$].
- No significant difference between groups in the rate of vomiting, weight gain or blood sugar on day 5.

Conclusions: Single-dose dexamethasone was at least as effective as 5-day course of prednisolone in controlling asthma, while dexamethasone for 2 days was non-inferior to 5 days of prednisolone in children with asthma exacerbation.

Key message: A single oral dose of 0.3 mg/kg dexamethasone for children presenting acutely with asthma is non-inferior to 5 days of oral prednisolone.

EXPERT COMMENT

“This study shows that a single low-dose (0.3 mg/kg) oral dexamethasone has similar efficacy and safety profile as a 5-day course of prednisolone in acute asthma exacerbation. The finding is relevant because of the following: good compliance, better tolerability, and a lesser cumulative dose with dexamethasone.” The study findings are also in accordance with a recent meta-analysis that found no significant difference between a single or two doses of dexamethasone.

DR RASHMI RANJAN DAS

MD (Pediatrics), MRCP (Edn), FCCP (Fellow of American College of Chest Physicians), FAPSR (Fellow of Asia Pacific Society of Respiriology)

Additional Professor, Department of Pediatrics

All India Institute of Medical Sciences (AIIMS), Bhubaneswar

With warm regards,

DR MANINDER S
DHALIWAL

DR. PIYUSH GUPTA
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DR G.V. BASAVARAJ
A
HON. SECRETARY GEN.
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IAP PRESIDENT
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Reference

Elkharwili DA, Ibrahim OM, Elazab GA, Elrifay SM. Two regimens of dexamethasone versus prednisolone for acute exacerbations in asthmatic Egyptian children. Eur J Hosp Pharm. 2020 May;27(3):151-156.